



**COVID-19 Question and Answer Session
for Long-Term Care and Congregate Residential Settings**

July 30th, 2021

Housekeeping

- All attendees in listen-only mode
- Submit questions via Q&A pod to **All Panelists**
- Slides and recording will be made available later

Agenda

- Upcoming Webinars
- Evolving Evidence & CDC Changes
- Eye/Face Protection with a Positive COVID-19 Case
- Updated Interim Guidance for Nursing Homes and Other Long-Term Care Facilities
- Open Q & A

IDPH webinars

Upcoming Friday Brief Updates and Open Q&A 1:00 pm - 2:00 pm

Friday, August 6 th	https://illinois.webex.com/illinois/onstage/g.php?MTID=e17ba7a6302d70c597e325403b5fd84ee
Friday, August 13 th	https://illinois.webex.com/illinois/onstage/g.php?MTID=e5d5ed606542b0833bfe9aa1523aa7501
Friday, August 20 th	https://illinois.webex.com/illinois/onstage/g.php?MTID=e0126a739a506f4d326923e7e17b8033d
Friday, August 27 th	https://illinois.webex.com/illinois/onstage/g.php?MTID=ebdd71e46e988773f3e457c4b747e135b

Previously recorded webinars can be viewed on the [IDPH Portal](#)

Slides and recordings will be made available after the sessions.

Evidence is Evolving

- Vaccines work
- Ventilation works
- Masks work as both source control and PPE
- Outdoor activities have the lowest risk of transmission
- Delta variant of SARS-CoV-2 risk is greater if you are not vaccinated
- Modifications of the guidance are [here](#). More modifications are likely



General Vaccine Administration



Source Control / PPE



cdc.gov/COVID19



Detection, Isolation

Screening and Surveillance



Hand Hygiene



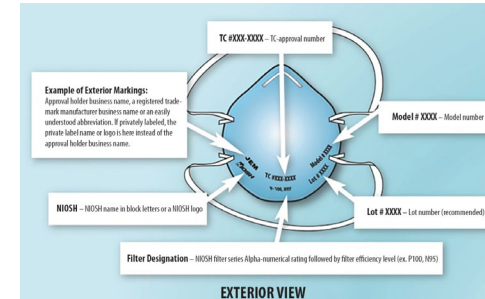
Surface Cleaning / Disinfecting

The National Personal Protective Technology Laboratory (NPPTL)

NIOSH-Approved Particulate Filtering Facepiece Respirators

NIOSH-approved N95 Particulate Filtering Facepiece Respirators

Updated July 22, 2021



Respiratory Protection / Ventilation

Core Infection Prevention Practices

[Coronavirus](#) [U.S. map](#) [World map](#) [Delta variant FAQ](#) [Vaccine FAQ](#) [Vaccine tracker](#) [A pandemic year](#) [Coronavirus Living](#)

Health

CDC warns this is ‘pivotal moment’ in fight against delta variant

‘It is one of the most infectious respiratory viruses ... I have seen in my 20-year career,’ director says

June 19–July 23, 2021, COVID-19 cases increased approximately 300% nationally, followed by increases in hospitalizations and deaths, driven by the highly transmissible B.1.617.2 (Delta) variant of SARS-CoV-2, the virus that causes COVID-19.*

The daily average of confirmed coronavirus cases has roughly quadrupled during July, from about 13,000 per day at the start of the month to 43,243 now, according to The Washington Post’s seven-day average of infections. The virus is spreading most rapidly across the South and Midwest, in states with low vaccination rates, and hospital officials there say they are reeling from a new surge of patients, driven by the delta variant.

Influences Driving Practice

Scientific and epidemiological evidence

Efficacy, what happens in controlled environments

Effectiveness, what happens in the real world

Guidelines, Regulations, Policies and Procedures

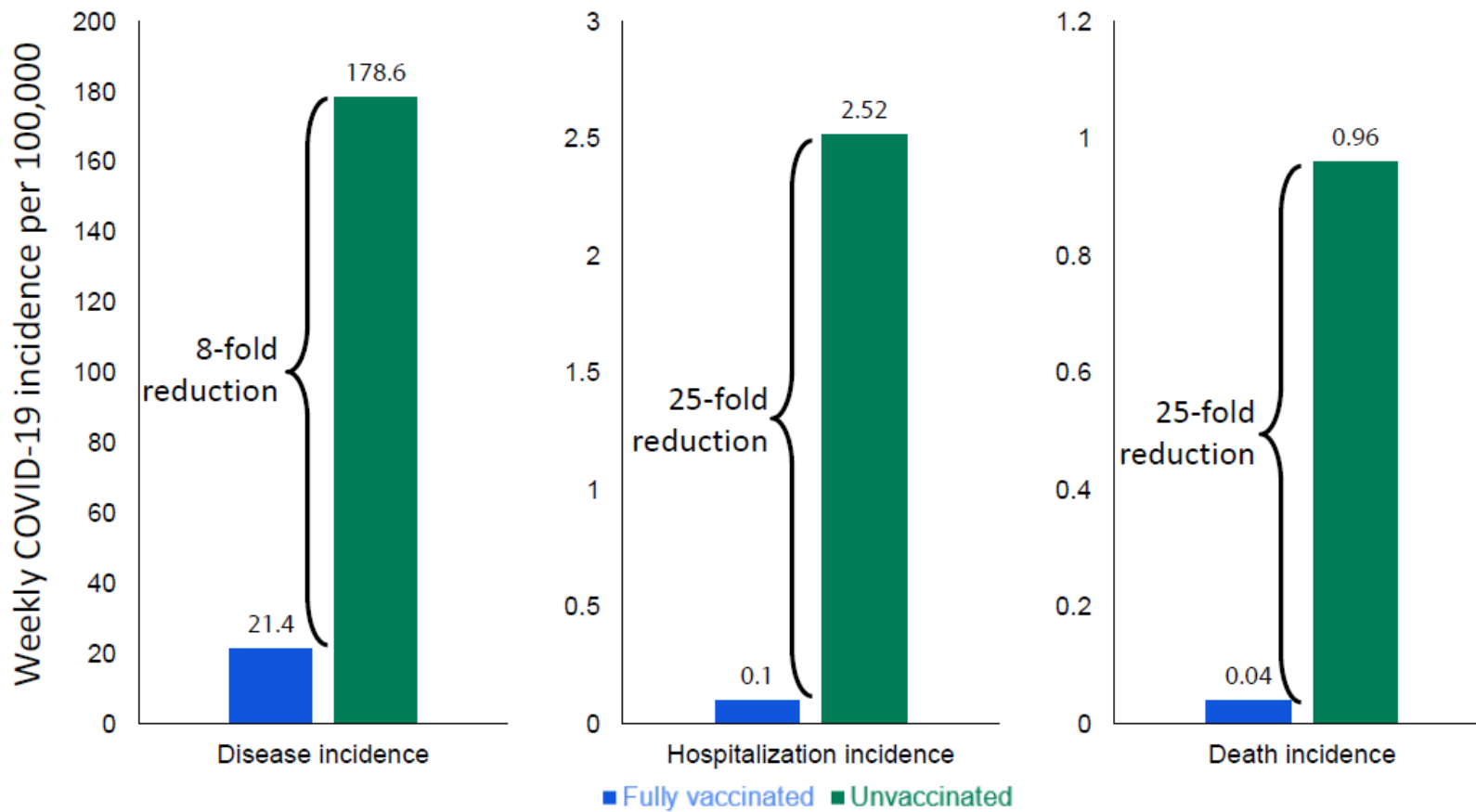
Social Pressures

Health

‘The war has changed’: Internal CDC document urges new messaging, warns delta infections likely more severe

The internal presentation shows that the agency thinks it is struggling to communicate on vaccine efficacy amid increased breakthrough infections

Greater risk of disease, hospitalization and death among unvaccinated vs. vaccinated people: National estimates



At current incidence, 35,000 symptomatic infections per week among 162 million vaccinated Americans

Data from COVID Tracker as of July 24, 2021. Average incidence 100 cases per 100,000 persons per week. Vaccine effectiveness against symptomatic illness = 88% (Lopez Bernal et al. [NEJM 2021](#)), where risk is $[1 - VE]$ or 12%. Vaccine effectiveness hospitalization (or death) = 96% (Stowe et al. [PHE preprint](#)), where risk is $[1 - VE]$ or 4%. Rate in unvaccinated = Community rate/ $[(1 - \text{fully vaccinated coverage}) + (1 - VE) * \text{fully vaccinated coverage}]$. Rate in fully vaccinated = $(1 - VE) * \text{Rate in unvaccinated}$. Fully vaccinated coverage proportions were from COVID Data Tracker as of July 24, 2021 (50% for US).

CDC uses multiple platforms and study designs to monitor COVID-19 vaccine effectiveness (VE)

VE priority	Design
Infection and transmission	Prospective cohort among healthcare personnel (HCP) & frontline workers; transmissibility evaluation in LTCF and other congregate settings; case-ascertained household cohorts for transmission
Non-severe disease	Test-negative design (TND) case-control among outpatients; Electronic health record (EHR) datasets
Severe disease/hospitalization	TND among hospitalized patients (for adults and children); conventional case-control using hospitalized controls; EHR datasets
Older adults, including nursing home residents	Case-control among adults ≥ 65 years; National Healthcare Safety Network comparison to population coverage estimated through immunization registries; Outbreaks in nursing homes; EHR datasets
Those with key underlying conditions (e.g., immunocompromised)	Captured above
Duration of protection	Captured above
Variant-specific VE	Captured above; outbreaks in congregate settings

Vast majority of ICU patients with COVID-19 are unvaccinated, ABC News survey finds

Hospitals report few fully vaccinated people are sick with COVID-19 in the ICU.

By Dr. Mark Abdelmalek, Arielle Mitropoulos, and Erica Baumgart

July 29, 2021, 12:13 PM • 11 min read



FOX NEWS 10:10 AM
U.S. Politics Media Opinion Business Entertainment Sports Lifestyle TV Fox Nation Listen More :
Hot Topics Tokyo Olympics: Suni Lee wins gold on Day 6

CORONAVIRUS · Published July 15

Over 90% of Mississippi's COVID-19 cases among unvaccinated people, gov warns

FOX 13 News Coronavirus Weather Sports Good Day We Live Here More :

Tampa General Hospital beds filling with unvaccinated COVID-19 patients

FOX 11 Live COVID-19 News Weather Good Day LA Contests More :

ICU doctor says turning down COVID-19 vaccine is 'playing Russian roulette' with your life

By Koco McAbay | Published July 19 | Coronavirus Vaccine | FOX 11



Illinois Department of Public Health (IDPH) ✓

45m · 🌐



Avoid severe illness, hospitalization, and death by getting your COVID-19 vaccination. Visit vaccines.gov to learn more.



COVID-19 Hospitalization Rates

As of 7/18/2021

- 96% of the individuals currently hospitalized are unvaccinated
- 12% of individuals currently hospitalized are under the age of 30
- 43% of individuals currently hospitalized are aged 30-59



Find your nearest vaccination location at vaccines.gov

COVID-vaccines are safe, effective, and prevent severe illness and hospitalization





Provincetown
Massachusetts

DEPARTMENTS

AGENDAS
& MINUTES

ALERTS



Mild illness with a majority of vaccinated persons

“Cases among Massachusetts residents are found to be predominantly symptomatic (71%), with 69% of affected individuals reported to be fully vaccinated. Apart from 3 hospitalizations (2 in state and one out of state) associated with this cluster, symptoms are known to be mild and without complication.”



Viral infection and transmission in a large well-traced outbreak caused by the Delta SARS-CoV-2 variant

SARS-CoV-2 coronavirus | nCoV-2019 Genomic Epidemiology



JingLu

3  16d

Jul 7

Viral infection and transmission in a large well-traced outbreak caused by the Delta SARS-CoV-2 variant

1 / 1
Jul 7

Results

“The viral loads in the Delta infections were ~1000 times higher than those in the earlier 19A/19B strain infections on the day when viruses were firstly detected.”

<https://virological.org/t/viral-infection-and-transmission-in-a-large-well-traced-outbreak-caused-by-the-delta-sars-cov-2-variant/724>

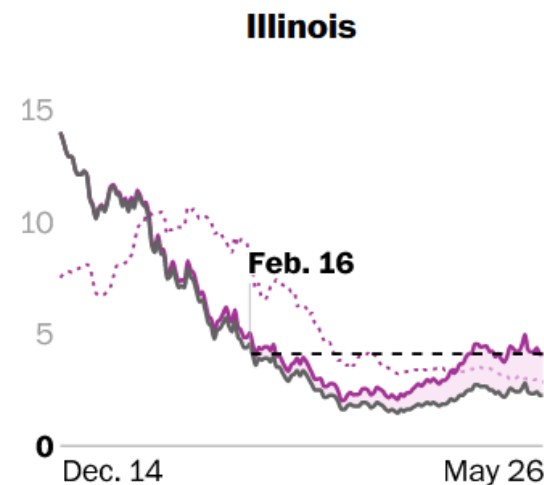
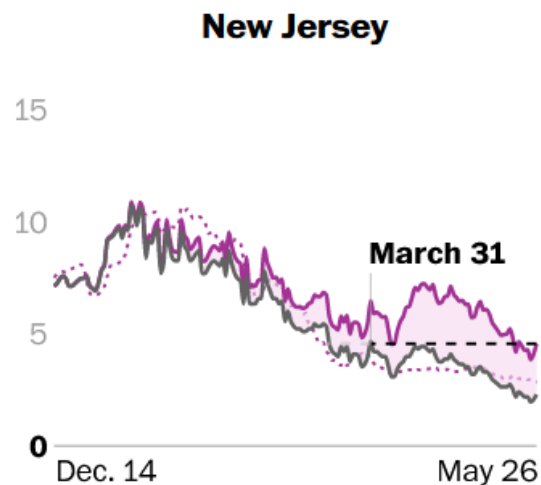
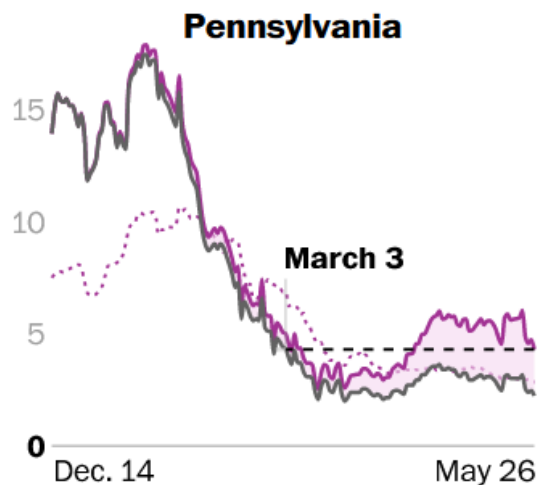
States with high death rates

In addition to cases, several states still have relatively high death rates.

Coronavirus vaccines are virtually perfect in preventing deaths, so the decline in deaths nationally hides the steady covid death rate among unvaccinated people.

Average new daily deaths per 1 million residents


— Rate, all residents — Rate adjusted for vaccinations Adjusted U.S. rate



Guidance, Regulations, Policy and Procedures

COVID-19 Languages | ASL Videos | Easy to Read

Home | Your Health | Vaccines | Cases & Data | Work & School | Healthcare Workers | Health Depts | Science | More



Guidance for People Fully Vaccinated

To maximize protection from the Delta variant and prevent possibly spreading it to others, wear a mask indoors in public if you are in an area of substantial or high transmission.

[Learn More](#)

Highlights

- [Interim Public Health Recommendations for Fully Vaccinated People](#)
- [Science Brief: COVID-19 Vaccines and Vaccination](#)
- [COVID Transmission by County](#)

Variants

- [GUIDANCE](#)
- [SCIENCE UPDATES](#)
- [HEALTHCARE WORKERS](#)

<https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/index.html>

Remind staff and visitors that EVERY aspect of their behavior impacts their risk with Delta Variant of SARS-CoV-2, both at work and at home

Guidance for Implementing COVID-19 Prevention Strategies in the Context of Varying Community Transmission Levels and Vaccination Coverage

Early Release / July 27, 2021 / 70

Athalia Christie, MIA¹; John T. Brooks, MD¹; Lauri A. Hicks, DO¹; Erin K. Sauber-Schatz, PhD¹; Jonathan S. Yoder, MSW, MPH¹; Margaret A. Honein, PhD¹; CDC COVID-19 Response Team ([View author affiliations](#))

CDC Recommendations

CDC recommends five critical factors be considered to inform local decision-making:

1) level of SARS-CoV-2 community transmission

2) health system capacity

3) COVID-19 vaccination coverage

4) capacity for early detection of increases in COVID-19 cases

5) populations at increased risk for severe outcomes from COVID-19

CDC Changes

- MMWR Released July 27th, 2021
- recommend universal masking in K-12 schools (aligns with AAP) regardless of vaccination status
- Encouraging vaccination as always
- CDC is aligning with OSHA as far as time is off and interested in how facilities are implementing mandatory vaccination but are not recommending at this time
- Source control of all persons entering LTCF (no change)
- Still collecting information on re-infection with Delta after prior infection and breakthrough after full vaccination. It is occurring but milder illness.
- Concerns about waning immunity- unresolved question
- HCP caring for COVID-19 positive patient should be tested

- Fully vaccinated with exposure test 3-5 days after exposure, wear a mask and potentially isolate if they are infected
- Pfizer and Moderna providing good coverage
- Appear to have lower effectiveness with infection and symptomatic disease against Delta variant
- Unknown about J&J effectiveness against Delta variant, however, it seems Oxford/AstraZeneca COVID-19 vaccine has lower effectiveness

- OSHA works to protect employees
- Fit test N95s are considered respiratory protection when working with persons who are suspected or confirmed with SARS-CoV-2

https://www.osha-slc.gov/coronavirus

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Occupational Safety and Health Administration

CONTACT US FAQ A TO Z INDEX ENGLISH ESPAÑOL

OSHA STANDARDS TOPICS HELP AND RESOURCES

SEARCH OSHA

Home / Coronavirus Disease (COVID-19)

Coronavirus Disease (COVID-19)

Learn about the new Emergency Temporary Standard for Healthcare along with updated OSHA guidance for mitigating and preventing the spread of COVID-19 in all industries.

OSHA Requirements

Regulations

- NEW** [Emergency Temporary Standard for Healthcare](#)
- NEW** [National Emphasis Program](#)

Guidance

For Everyone

- UPDATED** [Mitigating and Preventing the Spread of COVID-19 in the Workplace](#)
- [Summary](#)

Highlights and Tools

- [Vaccines.gov](#)
- [CDC Coronavirus \(COVID-19\) Page](#)
- [CDC Workplaces and Businesses Page](#)
- [Job Accommodation Network \(COVID-19\)](#)

Eye/Face Protection with a Positive COVID-19 Case

Question: When do we have to add eye protection/goggles for our staff?

Answer: When county positivity rates go over 5% in non-outbreak situations. Face masks and eye protection for direct care areas.

Question: If we are in outbreak what do staff need to wear for direct care?

Answer: Fit tested N95s, and eye/face protection for direct care areas.

Question: *When a staff member is positive within 48 hours of being at the facility, then outbreak testing begins and N95 and eye protection is to be worn.*

Answer: YES. All direct care staff need to move to fit tested N95s and eye/face protection.

CMS Beneficiary Characteristics / COVID-19

COVID-19 Nursing Home Data

Information on COVID-19 reported by nursing homes to the CDC's National Healthcare Safety Network (NHSN) COVID-19 Long Term Care Facility Module.

Last updated
July 29, 2021 | Weekly

Latest data available
July 18, 2021

Data source
Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

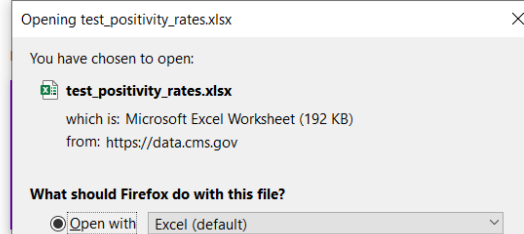
[View Data](#) [Visualize Data](#) [Access API](#) [Download](#)

Finding County Positivity

<https://data.cms.gov/covid-19/covid-19-nursing-home-data>

COVID-19 Testing - Please see the [Test Positivity Rates](#) Resource

COVID-19 Testing - Please see the [Test Positivity Rates](#) Resource



COVID-19 Viral (NAAT) Laboratory 14-Day Test Positivity Rates, by US County										
Test Positivity Classification:	Counties with test percent positivity <5.0% or with <20 tests in past 14 days: Green; test percent positivity >=5.0% to <=10.0% or with <500 tests and <2000 tests/100k and >10% positivity over 14 days: Yellow;									
Percent Positive and Tests in prior 14 days:	Data from July 7-July 20									
Data Sources:	Testing data: HHS Unified Testing Dataset; Population data: 2019 Census									
Documentation:	The data presented represent viral COVID-19 laboratory diagnostic and screening test (nucleic acid amplification test, NAAT) results and exclude antibody and antigen tests. COVID-19 Electronic Lab Reporting									
Note:	During the week of Sept 14, 2020, the following updates were made to the county percent test positivity characterization methodology. In order to use a greater amount of data to calculate percent test pos									
County	FIPS	State	FEMA Region	Population	NCHS Urban Rural Classification	Tests in prior 14 days	14-day test rate	Percent Positivity in prior 14 days	Test Positivity Classification - 14 days	
Adams County, IL	17001	IL	5	65,435	Micropolitan	5,092	7,782	6.7%	Yellow	
Alexander County, IL	17003	IL	5	5,761	Small metro	80	1,389	8.8%	Yellow	
Bond County, IL	17005	IL	5	16,426	Large fringe metro	268	1,632	5.2%	Yellow	

Updated Interim Guidance for Nursing Homes and Other Long-Term Care Facilities



State of Illinois
Illinois Department of Public Health

COVID-19

JB Pritzker, Governor Ngozi O. Ezike, MD, Director

Release Date: August 13, 2020
 Effective Date: August 14, 2020
 Updated Date: October 21, 2020
 Updated Date: March 19, 2021
 Updated Date: May 6, 2021
 Updated Date: July 28, 2021



Updated Interim Guidance for Nursing Homes and Other Long-Term Care Facilities Incorporating COVID-19 Vaccination

Summary of Changes to Guidance Since May 6, 2021 Release	
Newly Added Guidance Sections:	
Outbreak Guidance	29-32
Updated Sections:	
Reason for Update	2
Definitions: Higher Risk Exposure	4
Core Principles of Infection Prevention: Screening	4-5
Universal Screening	8
Vaccinations, Vaccinated Healthcare Personnel	12-13
Visitation Guidance	14-19
State Authorized Personnel	21
Federal Disability Rights Laws	22
Dining, Group Activities, Music, Worship Services and Beauty Salon	23-28

Reason For Update—Vaccination Allows for Increased Social Interactions

However, due to variants with increased transmissibility, source control is still usually required regardless of vaccination status.

CDC. Interim Public Health Recommendations for Fully Vaccinated People. July 28, 2021. <https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/vaccines/fully-vaccinated-guidance.html>

CDC. When You've Been Fully Vaccinated. July 27, 2021. <https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/vaccines/fully-vaccinated.html>

Core Principles: Screening (page 4 of guidance)

Screening

- All persons (staff and visitors) who enter the facility must self-screen for COVID-19.
- Facility screening tools must:
 - Assess for signs and symptoms of COVID-19. **Temperature can be included as one of the COVID-19 symptoms but can be self-reported and does not need to be taken by the facility.**
 - Inquire if the person has had close contact with someone with known COVID-19 infection in the prior 14 days (regardless of the visitor's vaccination status).
 - Inform the person if they are experiencing any symptoms of COVID-19 or have had close contact with someone with COVID-19 that they are not allowed to enter the facility.
- Facilities should maintain signage on doors instructing visitors not to visit if ill or exhibiting any signs and symptoms of COVID-19.

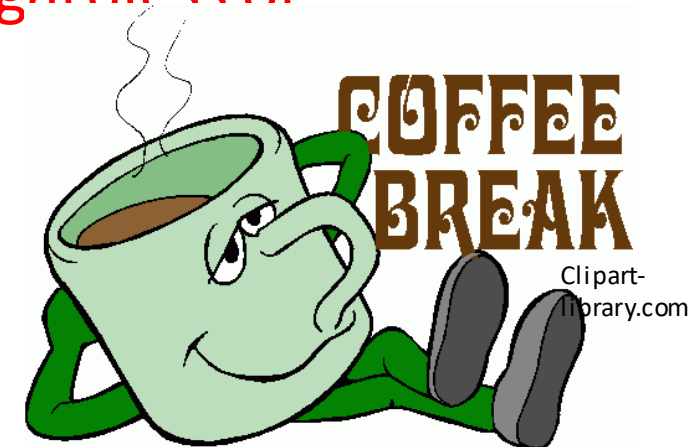
Healthcare Personnel (page 13 of guidance)

- Fully vaccinated health care personnel (HCP) should continue to wear source control while at work.
- Due to variants with increased transmissibility, however, fully vaccinated HCP should continue to wear source control in break rooms and in-person meetings but do not need to physically distance from one another.
- Unvaccinated HCP should wear source control and physically distance from others.

****Aligns with July 26th CDC guidance recommending people (regardless of vaccinations status) to wear source control while indoors.**

CDC. Interim Public Health Recommendations for Fully Vaccinated People. July 28, 2021.
<https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/vaccines/fully-vaccinated-guidance.html>

CDC. When You've Been Fully Vaccinated. July 27, 2021.
<https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/vaccines/fully-vaccinated.html>





Visitation Modifications (page 15 of guidance)

VectorStock
Vectorstock.com

- Visitors regardless of vaccination status should wear control and physically from staff and other residents, or visitors that are not part of their groups at all times when in the facility.
- **Visits no longer need to be scheduled or have a time limit.**
- All persons who enter the facility must self-screen.
- Visitation does not need to be directly supervised. (p.17)

Visitation Modifications

When the resident and all of their visitors are fully vaccinated

(page 16 of guidance)

- While alone in the resident's room or in the designated visitation area, the resident and their visitor(s) can choose to have close contact (including touch). **Due to variants with increased transmissibility, source control is recommended for residents and visitors.**
- Physically distancing is not required.
- Visitors should wear source control and physically distance from staff, other residents and other visitors at all times while in the facility.

When either the resident or visitor is unvaccinated-

- If unvaccinated the safest approach is for everyone to maintain physical distancing and to wear source control.

What about visitations when a new case is identified.....

1. Pause indoor and outdoor visits EXCEPT compassionate care and end-of-life visits, until the first round of facility-wide testing is completed.
2. Determine extent of outbreak (affected unit and unaffected units).
3. On the affected unit, suspend indoor visits until there have been no new COVID cases for 14 days.
4. On the affected unit, outdoor visits can still occur for residents unless they are in quarantine or isolation for COVID-19.
5. If more than one unit is identified to have COVID cases, then the entire facility should suspend indoor visits, but outdoor visits may still occur unless the resident is in quarantine or isolation for COVID-19.
6. Indoor visits may resume when the facility meets criteria to discontinue outbreak testing (no new cases for 14 days from last positive)



Communal Dining & Group Activities

- When one case of SARS-CoV-2 is identified in a resident or staff (outbreak), communal dining & group activities should pause until one round of facility-wide testing can be completed and the outbreak can be evaluated to determine what units are involved.
- If contained to one unit, the remaining units (unaffected units) may resume communal dining & activities following guidance for vaccinated and unvaccinated persons.

Communal Dining—(page 23)



- Residents, regardless of vaccination status, should wear source control when going to and from the dining area.
- Fully vaccinated residents can participate in communal dining without the use of source control or physical distancing.
 - Can sit more than 1-2 residents at a table if vaccinated
- If **unvaccinated residents** are dining in a communal area (e.g., dining room) all patients/residents should use source control when not eating and unvaccinated patients/residents should remain at least 6 feet from others.
- If **unvaccinated HCP** are present in the dining area, all residents should use source control when not eating.

Group Activities--(page 24-25)

- Residents regardless of vaccination status should wear source control to and from the activity.
- Residents in quarantine and isolation should not participate in group activities.
- Fully vaccinated residents can participate without source control or physical distancing.
- Unvaccinated residents can participate in group activities but must wear source control and physically distance from others.
- If unvaccinated residents or HCP are present then all participants must wear source control.



Performers: Outdoors-- (page 25)

- Outdoor performances preferred.
- Vaccinated residents are not required to wear source control or physically distance from one another.
- Unvaccinated residents are not required to wear source control but must physically distance from others.
- Performing groups with more than five performers must perform outdoors.
- Performers:
 - 6-9 feet separation No source control required
 - < 6 feet separation Must wear source control even when outdoors
- Bell covers for instruments

Performers: Indoors—(page 26)

- Residents regardless of vaccination status are required to wear source control during indoor vocal performances with singing, chanting, and reciting of words or songs.*
- Vaccinated residents are not required to physically distance.
- Unvaccinated residents should physically distance from others.
- Performing groups with more than five performers are not allowed indoors.
- Performers must wear source control and maintain a 6-9 feet separation from residents.*
- Instruments should be fitted for bell covers.
- Performers who play wind instruments can use a face covering with a slit.

*RATIONALE: singing, chanting, and reciting of words or songs cause an increase of expelled air into the room.

Worship Services-Outdoors—(page 26)

- Outdoor services are preferred.
- Vaccinated residents are not required to wear source control or physically distance from one another.
- Unvaccinated residents are not required to wear source control but must physically distance from others.
- Clergy conducting the worship service regardless of vaccination status:
 - No source control required if able to maintain 6-9 feet separation
 - Source control must be worn even when outdoors if there is < 6 feet separation
- Instruments should be fitted with bell covers.
- Individuals who play wind instruments can use face coverings with a slit.
- Communion may occur. Individual serving packets are preferred. Do not share or pass communion articles among residents.

Worship Services-Indoors—(page 27)

- Residents regardless of vaccination status should wear source control. *
- Vaccinated residents do not need to physically distance from each other.
- Unvaccinated residents should physically distance from others.
- Individuals conducting the worship service regardless of vaccination status must wear source control indoors and maintain 6-9 feet from audience or congregation.*
- Instruments should be fitted with bell covers.
- Individuals who play wind instruments can use face coverings with a slit.
- Communion may occur. Individual serving packets are preferred. Do not share or pass communion articles among residents.

*RATIONALE: singing, chanting, and reciting of words or songs cause an increase of expelled air into the room.

Beauty Salon-(page 28)



- Hand held blow dryer are allowed.
- Residents regardless of vaccination status must wear source control while in the salon.
- Vaccinated residents-more than one allowed in salon at a time
- Unvaccinated residents-only one allowed in salon at a time
- Barber or beautician must wear source control at all times.

Checklist for Outbreak Response (pages 29-32)

- One case is considered an outbreak. Staff must now wear an N95 respirator and eye protection on all units until there are no more positives for 14 days.
- Pause indoor and outdoor visitation, communal dining, and group activities on all units until the first round of testing is completed.
- Complete facility-wide testing of residents and staff regardless of vaccination status (first round of testing). Test all previous negative residents and staff 3-7 days after the first round of testing and continue to test every 3-7 days until no new positives are identified for 14 days. Residents or staff within 90 days of active COVID-19 infection may be excluded from testing.
- Evaluate whether the outbreak is contained to one unit (affected unit).
- If contained to one unit, the remaining units (unaffected units) may resume indoor and outdoor visitation, communal dining, and group activities following guidance for vaccinated and unvaccinated persons.
- Staff must continue to wear N95 respirators and eye protection on all units. Gowns and gloves are used per standard precautions when caring for all residents on the unaffected units.
- The affected unit must:
 - a. Suspend indoor visitation until no new positives are identified for 14 days
 - b. Residents with higher risk exposure to the positive case (another resident or staff) should be placed in quarantine and restricted to their room. Ideally, the resident should be in a single room.
 - c. Residents with higher risk exposure may shelter in place or be moved to the observation or yellow zone and be placed in quarantine. Ideally, residents should be in a single room.
 - d. Residents that did NOT have a higher risk exposure (unexposed) are allowed to participate in outdoor visits. Source control must be worn when walking through the building to get to the outdoors.
 - e. Unexposed residents should not participate in communal dining and group activities in the main dining hall or activity center. However, unexposed residents on affected units with separate areas for dining and activities may participate in dining and activities on the unit following guidance for vaccinated and unvaccinated persons.
 - f. Full PPE (N95 respirator, eye protection, gown, gloves) should be worn for residents in quarantine or those with suspected or confirmed COVID-19.
 - g. Staff must continue to wear N95 respirators and eye protection. Gowns and gloves are used per standard precautions when caring for all residents on the affected units unless in isolation for another diagnosis.
- If more than one unit is involved, then the facility must:
 - a. Suspend all indoor visitations for the entire facility until there are no more positives for 14 days except those required by the disability rights law (end-of-life, compassionate care).
 - b. Allow outdoor visits except for those in quarantine for high-risk exposures or a newly admitted unvaccinated person or in isolation for suspected or confirmed COVID-19.

Vaccination is Key!!



- Vaccines provide protection from diseases
- Vaccines decrease morbidity & hospitalizations
- Vaccines decrease mortality
- The COVID-19 Vaccines may not remove all chances of getting the virus BUT the likelihood of severe illness and death are reduced!! Please consider getting vaccinated!

PROTECT YOURSELF.

Get the COVID-19 vaccine.



Cheat Sheets!

SOURCE CONTROL & PHYSICAL DISTANCING CHART FOR LONG-TERM CARE FACILITIES
JULY 29, 2021

Resident Use of Source Control & Physical Distancing				
Outdoor Activities				
Unvaccinated Residents *Unless in quarantine or isolation		Type of Activity	Fully Vaccinated Residents *Unless in quarantine or isolation	
SOURCE CONTROL OR FACEMASK	PHYSICALLY DISTANCE		SOURCE CONTROL OR FACEMASK	PHYSICALLY DISTANCE
	YES	Picnics or outdoor eating		NO
	YES	Group Activities		NO
	YES	Outdoor Performances		NO
	YES From other residents and families. Resident can choose to have close contact with their own visitors.	OUTDOOR Visits		YES From other residents and families. Resident can have close contact with their own visitors.
	YES	OUTDOOR Performances		NO
	YES	OUTDOOR Worship Services		NO
Indoor Activities				
Unvaccinated Residents *Unless in quarantine or isolation		Type of Activity	Fully Vaccinated Residents *Unless in quarantine or isolation	
SOURCE CONTROL OR FACEMASK	PHYSICALLY DISTANCE		SOURCE CONTROL OR FACEMASK	PHYSICALLY DISTANCE
	YES	Communal Dining		NO
	YES *Unvaccinated residents must wear source control at all times except for activities involving eating or drinking.	Group Activities		NO
*If unvaccinated residents or HCP are present then vaccinated residents should wear source control when not eating or drinking.				

	YES	INDOOR Visits		NO
	YES	INDOOR Performances		NO
	YES	INDOOR Worship Services		NO
	ONLY ONE RESIDENT can be in the salon at a time	Beauty Salon		NO One or more residents can be in the salon at the same time















Individuals Entering Long-Term Care (Non-residents)		
HCP must wear source control (facemask or respirator) while at work		
 Visitors must wear source control while in the facility except when eating or drinking	Visitors must physically distance from other residents, families, and HCP.	 Visitors may remove source control when outdoors while visiting their vaccinated resident or if the unvaccinated resident allows.
Outdoor Performances & Worship Services		
Performers/Clergy	Performer(s) with at least 6-9 feet separation from audience	
Performers/Clergy	Less than 6 feet separation from audience	
*Groups of 5 or more must perform outdoors. Instruments should be fitted with bell covers. Performers who play wind instruments can use face coverings with a slit.		
Indoor Performances & Worship Services		
Performers/Clergy	Performer(s) with at least 6-9 feet separation from audience	
	Less than 6 feet separation from audience	
*Groups of 5 or more must perform outdoors. Instruments should be fitted with bell covers. Performers who play wind instruments can use face coverings with a slit.		
Barber & Beauticians		
Barber or beautician	Must wear source control at all times.	

Pictographs of mask use credited to the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention
<https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/daily-life-coping/participate-in-activities.html>














SOURCE CONTROL & PHYSICAL DISTANCING CHART FOR LONG-TERM CARE FACILITIES

JULY 29, 2021

Resident Use of Source Control & Physical Distancing				
Outdoor Activities				
Unvaccinated Residents *Unless in quarantine or isolation		Type of Activity	Fully Vaccinated Residents *Unless in quarantine or isolation	
SOURCE CONTROL OR FACEMASK	PHYSICALLY DISTANCE		SOURCE CONTROL OR FACEMASK	PHYSICALLY DISTANCE
	YES	Picnics or outdoor eating		NO
	YES	Group Activities		NO
	YES	Outdoor Performances		NO
	YES From other residents and families. Resident can choose to have close contact with their own visitors.	OUTDOOR Visits		YES From other residents and families. Resident can have close contact with their own visitors.
	YES	OUTDOOR Performances		NO
	YES	OUTDOOR Worship Services		NO








OUTDOORS

Indoor Activities

Unvaccinated Residents *Unless in quarantine or isolation			Fully Vaccinated Residents *Unless in quarantine or isolation	
SOURCE CONTROL OR FACEMASK	PHYSICALLY DISTANCE		SOURCE CONTROL OR FACEMASK	PHYSICALLY DISTANCE
	YES	Communal Dining	 *	NO
 *Unvaccinated residents must wear source control at all times except for activities involving eating or drinking.	YES	Group Activities	 *	NO
*If unvaccinated residents or HCP are present then vaccinated residents should wear source control when not eating or drinking. 				
	YES	INDOOR Visits		NO
	YES	INDOOR Performances		NO
	YES	INDOOR Worship Services		NO
	ONLY ONE RESIDENT can be in the salon at a time	Beauty Salon		NO One or more residents can be in the salon at the same time

INDOORS

OTHERS ENTERING FACILITY

Individuals Entering Long-Term Care (Non-residents)			
HCP must wear source control (facemask or respirator) while at work			
 Visitors must wear source control while in the facility except when eating or drinking	Visitors must physically distance from other residents, families, and HCP.	 Visitors may remove source control when outdoors while visiting their vaccinated resident or if the unvaccinated resident allows	
Outdoor Performances & Worship Services			
Performers/Clergy	Performer(s) with at least 6-9 feet separation from audience		
Performers/Clergy	Less than 6 feet separation from audience		
<p>*Groups of 5 or more must perform outdoors. Instruments should be fitted with bell covers. Performers who play wind instruments can use face coverings with a slit.</p>			
Indoor Performances & Worship Services			
Performers/Clergy	Performer(s) with at least 6-9 feet separation from audience		
	Less than 6 feet separation from audience		
<p>*Groups of 5 or more must perform outdoors. Instruments should be fitted with bell covers. Performers who play wind instruments can use face coverings with a slit.</p>			
Barber & Beauticians			
Barber or beautician	Must wear source control at all times.		

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Open Q&A

Submit questions via Q&A pod to **All Panelists**

Please do not resubmit a single question multiple times

Slides and recording will be made available after the session.

Reminders

- SIREN Registration
 - To receive situational awareness from IDPH, please use this link to guide you to the correct registration instructions for your public health related classification: <http://www.dph.illinois.gov/siren>

- NHSN Assistance:
 - Contact Telligen: **nursinghome@telligen.com**