

COVID-19 and HAI Updates and Q&A Webinars for Long-Term Care and Congregate Residential Settings

February 3rdth, 2023

Housekeeping

All attendees in listen-only mode

Submit questions via Q&A pod to All Panelists

Slides and recording will be made available later



Agenda

- CIMPAR Antimicrobial Stewardship Training
- COVID-19 Q & A
- Open Q & A







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IDPH COVID-19 LTC Q&A Weekly Webinar

February 3rd, 2023

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The Public Health Emergency (PHE)

 The President announced his intention to allow the PHE lapse on May 11th, 2023.

• At that time, there *may* be some changes which will affect facilities.

 We are working to determine if/what those changes will be.

 We will present this information at future webinars.



Do we Still Need to Provide Education for Unvaccinated Staff?

• Each facility shall provide its unvaccinated staff with clear and accurate instruction covering vaccine education, including information about available booster doses, vaccine effectiveness, benefits, risks, common reactions, hesitancy, and misinformation.

 Records of training shall be made available to the Department upon request.

Illinois Register Vol. 46, Issue 52, Dec. 27, 2022



Examples of Department Approved Training and Educational Resources

• CDC/HHS:

- o HHS COVID-19 Vaccine Resources
- o CDC COVID-19 Vaccine Resources
- COVID-19 Vaccine Training Modules
- o CDC Project Firstline
- Immunization Action:
 - o Key COVID-19 Vaccine Resources



Bed Management Strategies for COVID-19 Ordered by Available Beds More Beds 1. COVID + residents in private rooms in the general population



2. COVID + residents in private rooms on a COVID-19 unit

3. Cohort COVID + residents in the same room

4. Shelter residents with symptoms or known exposures in place while awaiting results



If these strategies insufficient contact LHD

Can we use Drinking Fountains in LTCFs?

- Yes, facilities may use drinking fountains.
- Units that've been out of use, may present hazards due to water contamination
- Consult facility Water Management Plan
- These units should be flushed for a minimum of 5 minutes before use.
- After flushing, clean and disinfect the outside surfaces of the drinking fountain.
 - Especially parts that contacted water while flushing
- If a facility has a history of waterborne pathogens or contaminants; consult your subject matter expert.

Storing PPE and Medical Supplies that don't have Expiration Dates?

 This depends on what type of PPE, what the PPE is made of, and how it is stored.

Consult the Instructions For Use (IFU)

• Store PPE as recommended in the IFU and in line with OSHA requirements.

 If you have further questions; call the manufacturer or distributor



General Guidelines for Storing PPE?

- Store in the original packaging.
- Store in a clean, dry area.
- Should NOT be stored in direct sunlight.
- Ensure items can't be crushed, misshaped or damaged while stored.
 - Especially N95s
- Store in a climate-controlled setting.
 - (i.e., temp/humidity within IFU limits)



What are the Masking Guidelines for Visitors to Healthcare Facilities?

• When Community Transmission is HIGH, source control is recommended for everyone in areas of a facility where they could encounter residents.

 Facilities should notify visitors of the Community Transmission levels and the masking recommendation via signs at entrances and/or during check-in.



Substantial Moderate Low

Community Transmission

- Transmission is coming down, but portions of the state are still HIGH.
- Remember to check transmission every Monday.
- If transmission falls; wait two weeks to make changes.
- If transmission goes up a level, it's recommended to make those changes immediately.



Managing new Admissions and Residents who Leave the Facility

Table 1: New Admission/Readmissions and Residents who Leave the Facility				
		Is Testing of the Resident Necessary?		
Resident vaccination status is no longer used to inform recommendations	Is quarantine of resident necessary?	High Community Transmission	Not high (Substantial, moderate, or low) Community Transmission	
Residents out for				
less than 24 hours	No	No	No	
Residents out		Yes		
for 24 hours or more	No	Testing is recommended at admission and, if negative, again 48 hours after the first negative test and, if negative, again 48 hours after the second negative test.** This will typically be at day 0, day 3, and day 5 unless the new admission has recovered from COVID-19 in prior 30 days. Testing is required if resident has recovered prior 31-90 days.	No	

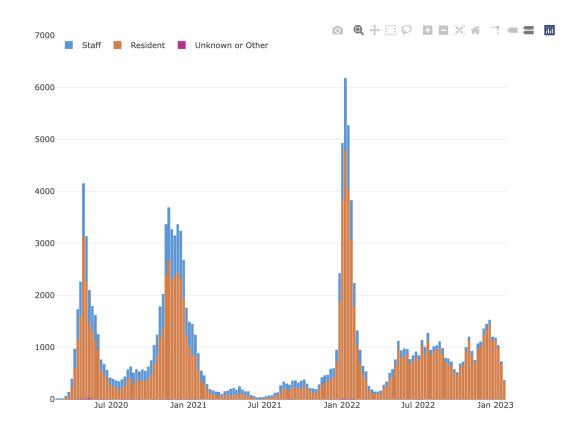
^{**}Due to challenges in interpreting the result, an antigen test is recommended instead of a nucleic acid amplification test (NAAT). This is because some people may remain NAAT positive but not be infectious during this period.



Information Reported	Facility Type	Reporting Location
Aggregate COVID-19 cases, deaths, staff and resident vaccinations	CMS-certified facilities (SNFs, ICF-DD, IDVA, SODC)	NHSN https://www.cdc.gov/nhsn/sams/about-sams.html
	Licensed-only facilities (ALFs, SLFs, SMHRFs, etc.)	IDPH Smartsheet: COVID-19 Smartsheet Reporting Form
Individual positive POC COVID-19 test results done at the facility	CMS-certified	NHSN (need SAMS-level-3 access) OR- Simple Report
	Licensed-only	Simple Report Simple Report RedCap Registration
Outbreaks (A single case in staff or residents requires additional investigation by a facility)		Local health department (single case, outbreaks)
	All Facility Types	Office of Healthcare Regulation (Within 24 hours) OHCR LTC Incident Reporting Form (Outbreaks)
		IDPH ILLINOIS DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH

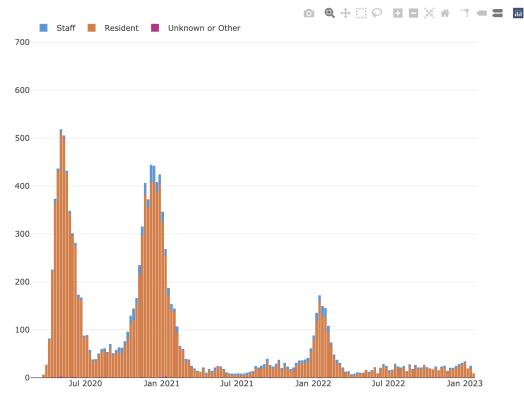
IDPH COVID-19 Long-Term Care Data

LTC Facility COVID-19 Cases



- Continue to see decline in cases
- Deaths remain low
- Up-to-Date vaccinations, infection prevention measures, and therapeutics are key to limiting spread and serious illness

LTC Facility COVID-19 Deaths





Molnupiravir (LAGEVRIOTM) **EUA Now** Allows for Dissolving Capsules

February 2023

- FDA Modified EUA
- Authorizes dissolving LAGEVRIO in water to give through a feeding tube.
- Dissolve contents of 4 capsules in 40 mL of room temperature water in a container with a lid.
- Shake for 3 minutes. Using a syringe, give all the mixture through the feeding tube right away.
- If any capsule contents remain, repeat process with 10 mL of water.
- Full instructions for patients and caregivers:
- https://www.fda.gov/media/155055/do wnload





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IDPH Laboratory Supports Influenza Outbreak Investigations in Health Care Facilities

ATTN: Long-Term Care Facilities
Correctional Facilities
Local Health Departments
Federally Qualified Health Centers

Facilities experiencing influenza outbreaks, after primary diagnostic testing of symptomatic patients is performed by a laboratory provider*, should contact their local health department (LHD) to determine whether further testing at a state laboratory is warranted. If approved, an outbreak investigation number will be issued and IDPH laboratories will test a subset of symptomatic patients to determine the pathogen driving transmission. Testing will include Influenza/SARS-CoV-2, a multiplex RT-PCR assay to differentiate influenza A, influenza B, and SARS-CoV-2. Additional testing may include influenza subtyping and/or a respiratory pathogen panel to screen for a more-comprehensive array of upper respiratory pathogens. Note that influenza subtyping is for surveillance purposes only and individual results will not be shared with providers.

Submitting Specimens for Influenza Subtyping to the IDPH labs

- IDPH requests that LTC facilities experiencing influenza outbreaks consider submitting samples from a subset of patients for subtyping for surveillance purposes.
- The specimens must be collected using an NP swab in viral transport media.
- Contact your local health department to coordinate sample submission.
- Instructions for LHDs are on the IDPH web portal.



Background on the switch to 14 days without a case to close an outbreak

No formal CDC/CSTE Guidance on when to consider an outbreak over.

Current CDC/CMS guidance requires no further outbreak response by LTCFs once 14 days have elapsed without an additional case.

Currently circulating SARS-CoV-2 variants have shorter incubation periods, typically 5 – 6 days.

Prior IDPH guidance of 28 days (two 14-day incubation periods), has often made closing facility outbreaks difficult with isolated cases occuring periodically for months.



Open Q&A

Submit questions via Q&A pod to All Panelists

Please do not resubmit a single question multiple times

Slides and recording will be made available after the session.



Reminders

- SIREN Registration
 - To receive situational awareness from IDPH, please use this link to guide you to the correct registration instructions for your public health related classification: http://www.dph.illinois.gov/siren

- NHSN Assistance:
 - Contact Telligen: nursinghome@telligen.com